

NBEO PART II EXAMINATION
LIST OF CLINICAL ABBREVIATIONS

(sorted alphabetically)

AC/A	accommodative convergence/accommodation
AC IOL	anterior chamber intraocular lens
ACE	angiotensin-converting enzyme
ADD	attention deficit disorder
ADHD	attention deficit hyperactivity disorder
ARMD	age-related macular degeneration
BD	base down
BI	base in
b.i.d.	twice a day
BO	base out
BP	blood pressure
bpm	beats per minute
BU	base up
BVA	best or best-corrected visual acuity
CBC	complete blood count
C/D	cup-to-disc ratio
CF	counting fingers
cm	centimeter
CL	contact lens
CN	cranial nerve
COPD	chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
CPAP	continuous positive airway pressure
cpm	cycles per minute
CSF	cerebrospinal fluid
CT	computed tomography
d	day
D	diopter
DBL	distance between lenses
DC	diopter cylinder
Dk	permeability coefficient

DS	diopter sphere
DSAEK	Descemet stripping automated endothelial keratoplasty
ED	effective diameter
ELISA	enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay
EOM	extraocular muscle
ER	emergency room
ERG	electroretinography
ESR	erythrocyte sedimentation rate
F	Fahrenheit
FA	fluorescein angiography
FDT	frequency-doubling technology
FT	flat top
FTA-Abs	fluorescent treponemal antibody absorption test
FTFC	full to finger counting
GP CL	gas permeable contact lens
GERD	gastroesophageal reflux disease
gm	gram
gt.	drop (gutta)
gtt.	drops (guttae)
h	hour
h.s.	at bedtime
H	horizontal
HA	headache
HgbA1c	hemoglobin A1c or glycosylated hemoglobin
HIV	human immunodeficiency virus
HLA-B27	human leukocyte antigen B27
HM	hand motion
HRR	Hardy, Rand and Rittler
HRT	Heidelberg retinal tomograph
IM	intramuscular

NBEO PART II EXAMINATION
LIST OF CLINICAL ABBREVIATIONS

(sorted alphabetically)

IOL	intraocular lens
IOP	intraocular pressure
IU	international units
IV	intravenous
K	keratometry reading
LASEK	laser-assisted subepithelial keratomileusis
LASIK	laser-assisted in-situ keratomileusis
MEM	monocular estimation method
mg	milligram
ml	milliliter
mm	millimeter
mmHg	millimeters of mercury
MRA	magnetic resonance angiography
MRI	magnetic resonance imaging
MRSA	methicillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>
NaCl	sodium chloride
NaFl	fluorescein sodium
NKDA	no known drug allergies
NKMA	no known medical allergies
NPC	near point of convergence
NLP	no light perception
NRA	negative relative accommodation
NS	nuclear sclerosis
NSAID	non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug
OCT	optical coherence tomography
OTC	over the counter
OD	right eye (oculus dexter)
ONH	optic nerve head
OS	left eye (oculus sinister)
OU	both eyes (oculi uniter)

PAL	progressive addition lenses
PC IOL	posterior chamber intraocular lens
PD	pupillary distance
PERRL	pupils equal, round and reactive to light
PET	positron emission tomography
PH	pinhole
PHNI	pinhole no improvement
PMMA	polymethyl methacrylate
p.o.	by mouth (per os)
Δ	prism diopter
PRA	positive relative accommodation
PRK	photorefractive keratectomy
PRN	as needed (pro re nata)
PVD	posterior vitreous detachment
q	each, every (quaque)
q.i.d.	four times a day
RAPD	relative afferent pupillary disorder
RK	radial keratotomy
RPE	retinal pigment epithelium
RPR	rapid plasma reagin
Rx	prescription
SCL	soft contact lens
STAT	immediately
TBUT	tear break-up time
t.i.d.	three times a day
ung	ointment
UV	ultraviolet
V	vertical
VA	visual acuity
VEGF	vascular endothelial growth factor

NBEO PART II EXAMINATION
LIST OF CLINICAL ABBREVIATIONS
(sorted alphabetically)

VF	visual field
YAG	yttrium aluminum garnet